Remarks

The application being filed herewith is a continuation application of co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/147,251, filed May 15, 2002 ("the Parent Application").

Amendments to the specification

The specification filed herewith is to be amended a set forth above. Specifically, a "Cross Reference to Related Applications" section is to be added at page 1 to assert the continuation status of the application, as set forth above.

The specification filed herewith has also been amended to replace the incorrect title at page 1, line 1 (originally, "Methods and Apparatus") with the correct title, "Imaging Apparatus and Methods" (which is found on the cover sheet). The specification was amended in the Parent Application to correct this defect.

No new matter has been added to the specification.

Amendments to the claims

Claim 1 has been amended as indicated above. Support for the amendment to claim 1 is found in the specification at page 4 lines 6-8.

Claim 2 has been amended so that it is consistent with amended claim 1.

Previous Rejection of Claims under 35 U.S.C. § 102

In the Parent Application, in an Office action dated April 21, 2003: (1) claims 1-3, 5 and 6 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,076,562 ("Sai et al."); (2) claims 7-11 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by Japanese Patent No. JP 03143845A ("Hayashi"); and (3) claims 23-24 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,102,112 ("Takahashi").

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Each of the three separate 35 U.S.C. § 102 rejections of claims 1-3, 5-11 and 23-24 will be addressed below.

As a starting point, the PTO and the Federal Circuit provide that §102 anticipation requires each and every element of the claimed invention to be disclosed in a single prior art reference. (In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 15 USPQ2d 1655 (Fed. Cir. 1990)). The corollary of this rule is that the absence from a cited §102 reference of any claimed element negates the anticipation. Speedsteel AB, et al v. Crucible, Inc., et al, 793 F.2d 1565, 230 USPQ 81 (Fed. Cir. 1986)). Furthermore, "[a]nticipation requires that all of the elements and limitations of the claims are found within a single prior art reference." (Scripps Clinic and Research Found. v Genetech. Inc., 927 F.2d 1565, 1576, 18 U.S.P.Q.2d 1001, 1010 (Fed. Cir. 1991 (emphasis added)). Moreover, the PTO and the Federal Circuit provide that §102 anticipation requires that there must be no difference between the claimed invention and the reference disclosure. (Scripps Clinic and Research Found. v. Genetech, Inc., id. (emphasis added)). Accordingly, if the Applicant can demonstrate that any one element or limitation in the rejected claim(s) is not disclosed by the cited reference, then the respective claim(s) must be allowed.

Claims 1-3 and 5-6

The Applicant respectfully disagrees that claims 1-3 and 5-6 are anticipated by Sai et al.

Claim 1, as amended, includes the following limitation:

wherein the first media tray is configured to slide relative to the second media tray to facilitate selective presentation of the first imaging media and the second imaging media, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking [emphasis added]

As can be seen by comparing Figs. 3 and 4 of Sai et al., the paper trays 40A and 40B of Sai et al. do not slide <u>relative to one another</u> (as is required by Applicant's claim 1), but rather slide in <u>unison</u> with one another. Sai et al. do not teach or suggest the two paper trays sliding relative to one another, as is required by applicant's claim 1.

For at least this reason the Applicant contends that claim 1 is novel over Sai et al. Claims 2, 3, 5 and 6 depend from claim 1, either directly or indirectly, and therefore inherently contain the limitations of claim 1. It is axiomatic that any claim which depends from an allowable base claim is also allowable. Accordingly, claims 2, 3, 5 and 6 are also allowable over Sai et al. The Applicant therefore requests that the rejection of claims 1-3 and 5-6 be removed and the claims allowed.

<u>Claims 7-11</u>

The Applicant respectfully disagrees that claims 7-11 are anticipated by Hayashi.

Claim 7 includes the following limitations:

media, wherein the first media tray is slidably disposed upon the second media tray; and,

a pick roller, wherein the first media tray is configured to slide relative to the second media tray to facilitate selective presentation of the first imaging media and the second imaging media, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking. (Emphasis added)

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As can be seen by viewing Fig. 4 of Hayashi, the first media tray 15a is not slidably disposed upon the second media tray 15b (as is required by Applicant's claim 7), but rather are disposed in a side-by-side relationship, and slide in unison with one another. Hayashi does not teach or suggest a first media tray slidably disposed upon a second media tray, as is required by applicant's claim 7.

For at least this reason the Applicant contends that claim 7 is novel over Hayashi. Claims 8-11 depend from claim 7, either directly or indirectly, and therefore inherently contain the limitations of claim 7. It is axiomatic that any claim which depends from an allowable base claim is also allowable. Accordingly, claims 8-11 are also allowable over Hayashi. The Applicant therefore requests that the rejection of claims 7-11 be removed and the claims allowed.

Claims 23-24

Claims 23-24 have been cancelled, and therefore the rejection of these claims as being anticipated by Takahashi is now moot.

Previous Rejection of Claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103

In the Parent Application, in an Office action dated April 21, 2003, claim 4 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious over U.S. Patent No. 5,076,562 ("Sai et al.") in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,102,112 ("Takahashi").

The Applicant respectfully disagrees that claim 4 is obvious over Sai et al. in view of Takahashi.

As a starting point, M.P.E.P. §2143.03 states that "<u>All Claim Limitations</u> **Must** <u>Be Taught or Suggested</u>" [by the prior art] to sustain a rejection under §103. (Emphasis added).

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Claim 4 depends from claim 1, and therefore includes the limitations of claim 1. As explained above, claim 1 (as amended) includes the following limitation:

wherein the first media tray is configured to slide relative to the second media tray to facilitate selective presentation of the first imaging media and the second imaging media, one-at-a-time, to the pick roller for picking [emphasis added]

Neither Sai et al. nor Takahashi teach or suggest a first media tray configured to slide relative to the second media tray to facilitate selective presentation of a first imaging media and a second imaging media, one-at-a-time, to a pick roller for picking, as is inherently required by Applicant's claim 4 (by virtue of its dependency from claim 1).

For at least this reason, the Applicant contends that claim 4 is not anticipated by Sai et al. in view of Takahashi, and that claim 4 is therefore allowable. The Applicant therefore requests that the rejection of claim 4 as being obvious over Sai et al. in view of Takahashi be removed and the claim allowed.

New claims 25-30

Support for new claims 25-30 is found in: original (now cancelled) claims 23-24, the specification at page 4 lines 6-8, and Figs. 3-9.

Summary

The Applicant believes that this Preliminary Amendment addresses each and every rejection of the clams in the Office action dated April 21, 2003, and therefore requests timely allowance of claims 1-11 and 25-30.

The Examiner is respectfully requested to contact the below-signed representative if the Examiner believes this will facilitate issuance of allowance of claims 1-11 and 25-30.

Respectfully submitted,

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